

Digital Marketing and Entrepreneurial Marketing in Optimizing Customer Loyalty

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Vol.16 No.3, 2022

Submit : 27/04/2022

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Accept : 30/06/2022

Publish: 01/09/2022

ABSTRACT

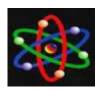
Research objective – The purpose of this study is to determine the effect of digital marketing and entrepreneurial marketing on customer loyalty at Rumah Bintang Embroidery Embroidery through satisfaction as **Design/Methodology/Approach** – The population is Bukittinggi people aged 25-60 who have shopped at Rumah Bintang Embroidery and Embroidery. A sample of 100 customers was taken through a sampling technique, namely accidental sampling. Findings - Digital marketing variables directly have a positive and significant (significant) effect on customer satisfaction, entrepreneurial marketing variables have a positive and significant (significant) effect on customer satisfaction, digital marketing has a positive and significant (significant) effect on customer loyalty, entrepreneurial marketing has a positive and significant impact significant (significant) on customer loyalty, and job satisfaction has a positive and significant (significant) effect on customer loyalty. Indirectly, digital marketing variables affect customer loyalty variables mediated by customer satisfaction and entrepreneurial marketing variables affect customer loyalty variables mediated by customer satisfaction. Research limitations - This research is limited to customer loyalty variables and research data is taken from 1 Embroidery and Embroidery SMEs in Bukittinggi City. Thus, the results of the study cannot be concluded in general terms. Originality - The focus of the research lies on the relationship between the influence of digital marketing and entrepreneurial marketing on customer loyalty and looks at the mediating role of customer satisfaction variables.

Keywords : Digital Marketing, Entrepreneurial Marketing, Customer Loyalty, Customer Satisfction

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http://publikasi.lldikti10.id/index.php/jit

DOI: https://doi.org/10.22216/jit.v16i3.1049 PAGE: 421-430



ISSN : 1979-9292

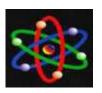
E-ISSN: 2460-5611

INTRODUCTION

Since the onset of the Covid-19 pandemic in early 2020, the economic performance of almost all countries in the world, including Indonesia, has had a significant impact. The decline in Indonesia's economic performance has begun in the first quarter of 2020 with a growth rate that only reached 2.97% and decreased significantly in the second quarter of 2020 which grew minus 5.32% (Central Bureau of Statistics, 2021). If this condition continues to occur and does not get serious attention immediately, it has the potential to become a threat to the Indonesian economy. One of the sectors affected by the Covid-19 pandemic is the MSME sector. The implementation of the PSBB by the government to reduce the number of consumers who shop directly makes the majority of MSMEs lose money due to the decline in people's purchasing power (Suryani, 2021; Nabilah et al., 2021). The pattern of consumer buying styles that changed during the pandemic from offline to online consumers (Month & Chandra, 2021), also affected the sales of MSME actors. Another impact of the pandemic on MSMEs according to (Pakpahan, 2020) is not only in terms of the amount of production and trade value, but also causes an increase in the number of workers who have lost their jobs. This is what the MSMEs of Rumah Bintang Embroidery Embroidery in Bukittinggi City felt, before the pandemic occurred they were able to earn an income of Rp. 90 million per month, while during the pandemic their income was only Rp. 68 million per month. SMEs are forced to reduce their workforce due to difficulties in paying their salaries. Therefore, a business strategy is needed that can be implemented by **MSMEs** during the Covid-19 pandemic so that the business they run continues to survive. One way that can be done to maintain the MSME business is to have loyal customers (Tjiptono & Chandra, 2017). Loyalty behavior is the tendency of customers to stay and not switch (Khadka & Maharjan, 2017). If the customer is loyal, then he will have the potential to make repeat purchases, be willing to tell the positive side of the product, and want to recommend the product to others (Atmaja & Novitaningtyas, 2021). The factor that influences customer loyalty according to Bulan & Chandra (2021) is digital marketing because it will simultaneously increase performance. marketing **Digital** helping marketing is useful in activities marketing to increase customer knowledge by balancing their (Thomas, 2016). **Digital** marketing activities allow business actors to communicate directly with potential customers quickly regardless of geographic location. marketing is the convenient and effective way to market during the Covid-19 pandemic. Digital marketing can help businesses tell about their product designs, what services are provided and the up-todate products they have. Thus, customers can better understand the product, and lead customers to the loyalty stage. Entrepreneurial

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ISSN : 1979-9292

E-ISSN: 2460-5611

marketing is another factor that influences customer loyalty. Entrepreneurial marketing is often associated by economic practitioners academics with and marketing activities for small businesses that only have limited resources, therefore, must rely heavily on creative and strategic selection (Wijayanti et al., 2022). The concept of entrepreneurial marketing is considered the main source of superior company performance (Njeru Kibera, 2016; Gontur et al., 2022). Entrepreneurial marketing has been shown to have a significant effect on customer loyalty (Hidayatullah et al., 2020). The results of observations and interviews with MSME actors. Rumah Bintang Embroidery and Embroidery, it is known that the obstacles during Covid-19 are related to product marketing which is usually done in stores, but due to the implementation of PSBB during the pandemic, shops often close and shoppers continue to decline. Business actors have been trying to find ways to keep their businesses running, namely by opening a business at home and marketing through digital marketing platforms. This is considered the best way to keep getting customers and retain them and can expand market reach. Customer satisfaction from previous research has been shown to contribute positively and significantly to customer loyalty (Haeruddin & Haeruddin, 2020). The first step taken to increase customer satisfaction is to know the customer. At this stage the interests and tastes of customers will be well known so that it can help to get ideas regarding services that match customer expectations, help revise strategies and decisions

regarding customer requirements to provide a positive buying experience. So it is clear that business success is reflected in how customers are treated and all that leads to increased loyalty (Khadka & Maharjan, 2017). Based on the above, this research aims to directly examine the effect of digital marketing and entrepreneurial marketing on customer loyalty at Bintang Embroidery Rumah Embroidery. This research will also examine how the indirect influence of digital marketing and entrepreneurial marketing variables on the customer loyalty variable of Rumah Bintang Embroidery and Embroidery through the role of job satisfaction as a mediating variable. The structure of this research starts from the introduction, followed by literature review and hypothesis development. Furthermore, this research describes the research methods and the results in research and discussion. At the end of the research research conclusions are described.

RESEARCH METHODS

Population and sample

The population used is the people of the city of Bukittinggi aged 25-60 who have shopped at the Bintang Embroidery and Embroidery House. The sample size in this study was 100 respondents using a sampling technique, namely accidental sampling.

Data Types and Sources

The type of data in this study is primary data obtained from respondents directly which had never been processed by any party. The data

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ISSN : 1979-9292

E-ISSN: 2460-5611

source uses a primary source that comes from the first party as a resource that has data.

Method of collecting data

Research data collection begins with compiling a research instrument in the form of a questionnaire, which contains statements related to digital marketing variables, entrepreneurial marketing variables, customer satisfaction variables, and customer loyalty variables. Furthermore, the instrument was distributed respondents, namely the customers of Bintang Embroidery and Embroidery in Bukittinggi City, which were then analyzed using path analysis techniques.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Results

Data analysis using path analysis was preceded by classical assumption test. The normality test that was carried out succeeded in proving that the residual data was normally distributed (Asymp Sig. 2 tailed > 0.05), the results of the multicollinearity test met requirements that no symptoms occurred as seen from the tolerance value obtained above 0.10 and VIF below 10, while the Glejser test can be stated not to occur heteroscedasticity because p value> 0.05. The results of classical assumption testing can be seen in Table 1 below.

| | De | Normalit as Sig. 2 | Multikolinieri tas | | Heteroskedastis itas | |
|--------------------|----|--------------------|-----------------------|-------|-------------------------|--|
| Ind | | | | | | |
| | p | tailed | Tol | VIF | (Glejser / Sig.) | |
| \overline{D} M | LP | 0,873 | 0,500 | 2,000 | 0,080 | |
| E | | | 0,585 | 1,709 | 0,547 | |
| M | | | | | | |

KP 0,517 1,932 0,616

Table 1: Classical Assumption Test

| Hipot | Koefi | t | t- | Sig | Keput | Kesimp |
|------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|---------------------|-----------|
| esis | sien | | tab | • | usan | ulan |
| | | | el | | | ~ |
| DM | 0,483 | 5,3 | 1,9 | 0,0 | H_1 | Signifik |
| \rightarrow | | 18 | 85 | 00 | diterim | an |
| KP | | | | | a | |
| EM | 0,288 | 3,1 | 1,9 | 0,0 | H_2 | Signifik |
| \rightarrow | | 70 | 85 | 02 | diterim | an |
| KP | | | | | a | |
| DM | 0,238 | 2,6 | 1,9 | 0,0 | H_3 | Signifik |
| \rightarrow LP | -, | 88 | 85 | 08 | diterim | an |
| | | 00 | 00 | 00 | a | |
| EM | 0,189 | 2,3 | 1,9 | 0,0 | H ₄ | Signifik |
| \rightarrow LP | 0,10) | 08 | 85 | 23 | diterim | an |
| / LI | | 00 | 0.5 | 23 | a | an |
| KP | 0,475 | 5,4 | 1,9 | 0,0 | a H ₅ | Cianifile |
| | 0,473 | | , | , | - | Signifik |
| \rightarrow LP | | 47 | 85 | 00 | diterim | an |
| | | | | | a | ~ |
| DM | 0,229 | 3,0 | 1,9 | 0,0 | H_6 | Signifik |
| \rightarrow | | 94 | 85 | 01 | diterim | an |
| KP | | | | | a | |
| \rightarrow LP | | | | | | |
| EM | 0,136 | 2,3 | 1,9 | 0,0 | H_7 | Signifik |
| \rightarrow | | 33 | 85 | 19 | diterim | an |
| KP | | | | | a | |
| \rightarrow LP | | | | | | |

Table 2: Direct Effects and Indirect Effects

Hypothesis test

This section is a discussion of the results that have been carried out previously. The discussion will discuss hypothesis testing.

Direct Influence

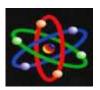
Based on Table 2, the results of the path analysis on the direct effect can be made the following equation:

$$Z = 0.483X_1 + 0.288X_2 + e_1$$

 $Y = 0.238X_1 + 0.189X_2 + 0.475Z + e_2$

The direct effect in this study shows:

1. Digital marketing has a positive influence on customer satisfaction with a coefficient value of 0.483. The results of the t-test on the digital marketing variable obtained a t-count value of 5.318 with a t-



ISSN : 1979-9292

E-ISSN: 2460-5611

significance of 0.000. Because t-count > t-table, the value is 5.318 > 1.985 or the significance of t is less than 5% (0.000 < 0.05), then H1 is accepted. From these results, the digital marketing variable directly has a positive and significant (significant) effect on the customer satisfaction variable for Rumah Bintang Embroidery and Embroidery.

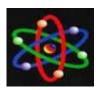
- Entrepreneurial marketing has a significant positive effect on customer satisfaction with a coefficient value of 0.288. The tthe entrepreneurial marketing variable obtained a tcount value of 3.170 with a tsignificance of 0.002. Because tcount > t-table, the value is 3.170 >1.985 or the significance of t is less than 5% (0.002 < 0.05), then H2 is accepted. From these results, entrepreneurial marketing variable directly has a positive and significant (significant) effect on the customer satisfaction variable at Rumah Bintang Embroidery and Embroidery.
- 3. Digital marketing has a significant positive effect on customer loyalty with a coefficient value of 0.238. From the results of the t-test on the digital marketing variable, the t-count value is 2.688 with a t-significance of 0.008. Because t-count > t-table, the value is 2.688 > 1.985 or the significance of t is less than 5% (0.008 < 0.05), then H3 is accepted. From these results, the digital marketing variable directly has a positive and significant (significant) effect on the customer loyalty variable of

- Rumah Bintang Embroidery and Embroidery.
- 4. Entrepreneurial marketing has a significant positive effect on customer loyalty with a coefficient value of 0.189. The results of the t-test on the digital marketing variable obtained a t-count value of 2.308 with a t-significance of 0.023. Because t-count > t-table, the value is 2.308 > 1.985 or the significance of t is less than 5% (0.023 < 0.05), then H4 is accepted. From these results, the entrepreneurial marketing variable directly has a positive and significant (significant) effect on the customer loyalty variable of Rumah Bintang Embroidery and Embroidery.
- Customer satisfaction 5. has significant positive effect on customer loyalty with a coefficient value of 0.475. The results of the t-test on the customer satisfaction variable obtained a t-count value of 5.447 with a t-significance of 0.000. Because t-count > t-table. the value is 5.447 > 1.985 or the significance of t is less than 5% (0.000 < 0.05), then H5 is accepted. From these results, the customer satisfaction variable directly has a positive and significant (significant) effect on the customer loyalty variable at Rumah Bintang Embroidery and Embroidery.

Indirect Influence

The results of the study using the Sobel Test Calculator for the Significance of Mediation showed that there was an indirect effect of digital marketing on

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ISSN: 1979-9292

E-ISSN: 2460-5611

customer loyalty at Rumah Bintang Embroidery and Embroidery mediated by customer satisfaction with a coefficient value of 0.229 (0.001 < 0.000), H6 was accepted. There is an indirect effect of entrepreneurial marketing on customer loyalty at Rumah Bintang Embroidery and Embroidery mediated by customer satisfaction with a coefficient value of 0.136 (0.019 < 0.000), H7 is accepted.

Discussion

Based on the results of data analysis, it is known that digital marketing has a positive and significant (significant) effect on customer satisfaction. This means that the better the digital marketing, the higher the customer satisfaction of Rumah **Bintang** Embroidery and Embroidery. On the other hand, a bad decline in digital marketing will have a significant decreasing impact on customer satisfaction. The positive influence between digital marketing and satisfaction has been customer several previous documented by studies by (Pujiastuti, 2021; Fadjri & Silitonga, 2019). This study succeeded in revealing that digital marketing has a positive and significant (significant) effect on customer satisfaction. Digital marketing is proven to affect satisfaction because customers are interested in sales promotions carried out by Rumah Bintang Embroidery and Embroidery through digital platforms such as websites. YouTube and social media. It is also easier for customers to get information about embroidered and embroidered products so as to increase customer satisfaction.

In this study also obtained results that entrepreneurial marketing positive and significant (significant) effect on customer satisfaction at Bintang Embroidery Rumah Embroidery. That is, the better the entrepreneurial marketing, the higher the customer satisfaction, conversely the less good the entrepreneurial marketing, the lower the customer satisfaction. Through entrepreneurial marketing obtained by Rumah Bintang Embroidery and Embroidery, customer satisfaction can be achieved and can help businesses move forward in the future. These results are in line with previous studies conducted by (Raza et al., 2020; Pujiastuti, 2021). Previous studies have shown that there is a significant relationship between entrepreneurial marketing and customer satisfaction.

The results also prove that digital positive marketing has a and significant (significant) effect on customer loyalty at Rumah Bintang Embroidery and Embroidery. That is, if digital marketing is improved, customer loyalty will increase, and vice versa. The findings of this study are in line with research (Tobing et al., 2021: Bulan & Chandra, 2021). Previous studies have shown that digital marketing has an effect on customer loyalty. Digital marketing can assist targeted marketing activities in increasing consumer knowledge by balancing their needs (Hardilawati, 2020; Srisusilawati, 2017).

From the results of data analysis, it is known that entrepreneurial marketing has a positive and significant (significant) effect on customer loyalty



ISSN : 1979-9292

E-ISSN: 2460-5611

at Rumah Bintang Embroidery and Embroidery. That is, if entrepreneurial marketing is increased, customer loyalty will increase, and vice versa. In line with the studies conducted (Hidayatullah et al., 2020). This study shows that an increase entrepreneurial marketing will increase customer loyalty because of the customer's sensitivity to change and the desire to try new things so that continuous and sustainable innovation and creativity are needed.

This study also obtained the results that customer satisfaction has a positive and significant (significant) effect on customer loyalty at Rumah Bintang Embroidery and Embroidery. That is, the higher the customer satisfaction, the higher the customer loyalty. Vice versa. This result is in line with previous studies conducted by (Haeruddin & Haeruddin, 2020; Harzaviona & Syah, 2020). Previous studies have shown that a positive relationship between customer satisfaction and customer loyalty has an impact on customer behavior. Customer satisfaction has been shown to have a significant and positive impact on cognitive attitudes and repeat purchases or customer loyalty.

This study shows that there is an indirect effect between digital marketing on customer loyalty at Bintang Embroidery Rumah Embroidery which is mediated by customer satisfaction. The form of mediation is partial mediation. The results of this study also indicate that there is an indirect effect between entrepreneurial marketing on customer loyalty at Rumah Bintang Embroidery and Embroidery which is mediated by customer satisfaction. The form of mediation is partial mediation.

CONCLUSION

This study contributes to a deeper understanding of the influence between digital marketing and entrepreneurial marketing on customer loyalty at Rumah Bintang Embroidery and Embroidery. This study also shows that customer satisfaction plays a role in mediating the influence of digital entrepreneurial marketing and marketing on customer loyalty. The implication of this research for business actors is how to create digital marketing content that is more attractive and makes it easier for customers to find the Embroidery and Embroidery products they are looking for and want to visit again to buy and recommend them to others. Entrepreneurial marketing makes the products produced more diverse and up to date so that customers feel satisfied.

LIMITATIONS

This research has limitations including: this research was conducted on only one MSME, namely Rumah Bintang Embroidery and Embroidery with a scope of location in the city of Bukittinggi, so the results of this study cannot be generalized to a wider population. The number of respondents is also limited to only 100 people, of course it is still not enough to describe the actual situation.

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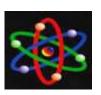
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